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	National Intelligence Daily Cable for Friday, 17 Marc	h 1978.
25X1	The NID Cable is for the purpose of senior US officials.	informing
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SYRIA - MIDDLE EAST: Reactions
The Israeli incursion into Lebanon has won the enthusiastic support of the press and populace. Prime Minister Begin, whose popular support was eroding, is being credited with taking strong, decisive action. He is almost certain to try to turn this to his advantage during his talks next week in Washington.
The Israeli occupation of the buffer zone raises serious problems for Syrian President Asad; all reports indicate that Asad wants to avoid a direct military confrontation with Israel. Egyptian President Sadat has condemned the Israeli attack.
The US Embassy in Tel Aviv notes that a mood approaching war fever had developed in Israel prior to the incursion into southern Lebanon; Israelis now have a sense of relief and pride. The opposition Labor Party has rallied firmly behind the government. Former Foreign Minister Allon, a prominent Labor Party leader, has endorsed the government's intention to keep forces in southern Lebanon until an agreement is worked out that bars the return of the Palestinian guerrillas.
Secure at home and banking on an upsurge in sympathy for Israel in the US, Begin probably believes that he will be in a stronger position than earlier to discuss his differences with the US over the settlements question and UN Security Council Resolution 242.
The Israeli actions this week place Syrian President Asad in a serious political predicament. Asad has invested much of his prestige in recent years in projecting Syria as the protector of the Palestinians as well as the defender of Lebanon. Syria's failure to act against the Israelis has called into question both claims.
The Iraqi and Egyptian media have already taunted Asad for standing by idly. Syria will try to fend off such charges by accusing Egypt of acquiescing in Israel's occupation of southern Lebanon, but the pressure will mount on Asad to do something. Syria's public promise to provide air cover for Lebanon reflects Asad's recognition of the need to demonstrate Syrian resolve.

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avoid a direct military confrontation with Israel.
Asad will propably en- courage the Palestinians, especially Syrian-controlled Saiga forces, to hold their positions between the Syrian forces in
central Lebanon and the Israelis.
Syria's demarche to the members of the UN Security Council reflects Asad's desire to solidify international opposition to an Israeli-occupied buffer zone. The Syrians are aware that the Lebanese Army is incapable of assuming a security role in the south and that the Israelis will not withdraw unless the Palestinians are kept away from the border.
In the past, the Syrians have resisted efforts to establish a UN peacekeeping force in southern Lebanon; they believe that such a force would infringe on their preeminent position in Lebanon. Asad nonetheless would probably now find a UN force more palatable than a continued Israeli presence. Without publicly endorsing such an arrangement, he may tacitly encourage the Lebanese to pursue it.
President Sadat yesterday joined other Arab leaders in condemning Israel's attack. He emphasized that Israel can obtain its security goals only by solving the Palestinian problem, not by force of arms. Sadat vowed to continue his search for peace.
Other Egyptian officials and the media yesterday sharply criticized Israel but the Egyptians continue to treat Israel as a potential partner in shaping peace.
The Egyptian media used Israel's raid as an occasion to attack the USSR and Syria, which were ridiculed for their faint-hearted reactions. The US received little attention. Egypt clearly expects the US to condemn the Israeli action and to lead diplomatic efforts to secure Israel's withdrawal from
Lebanon.

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	CUBA-ETHIOPIA: Castro Speech	
25X1	In his first public statements on the subject of Ethiopia since the Somali withdrawal, Cuban President Fidel Castro gave no indication that Cuba intends to withdraw any of its forces from Ethiopia soon. Castro did not refer to US demands that Cuba withdraw its troops and kept his criticism of the US to a minimum.	
25X1	In an apparent effort to ease popular concerns, Castro emphasized that the war is over and implied that the combat role of the Cuban troops is essentially finished. In an allusion to the possibility of continued guerrilla activity by the Somalis, however, the Cuban leader warned that Ethiopia's pledge not to cross the border into Somalia was conditioned on Somalia ceasing its aggression against Ethiopia.	
25X1	A similar linkage was made in the Cuban press on Tuesday, and senior Cuban officials have told the US Interests Section in Havana that if Somali President Siad continued to threaten Ethiopia, the possibility of "positive gestures" such as troop withdrawals would be eliminated.	
25X1	Castro's remarks gave no clear indication of the assistance Havana might give Ethiopia in dealing with the Eritreans.	25X1 25X1
25X1	It seems likely, however, that the Cubans will provide a limited amount of assistance in an effort to help force the insurgents to the bargaining table.	20/(1
25X1	Castro made no reference to US demands that Cuba withdraw its troops from Ethiopia. Last week, however, Armed Forces Minister Raul Castro harshly attacked efforts by US "spokesmen" to deny Cuba the right to help countries like Ethiopia. The younger Castro's remarks were probably intended to demonstrate that, if any reduction of Cuban forces does occur, Havana is not acting at the behest of Washington.	
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SUDAN: Eritrean Concerns	
//Sudanese Defense Minister Ali on Wednesday told Ambassador Bergus that he believes the Ethiopians, backed by the Soviets, will inevitably attack the Eritrean guerrilla near the Sudanese border and perhaps even inside Sudan. A Sudanese deputy chief of operations, in a talk the same day with the US defense attache, made similar remarks and said Sudan is reinforcing its eastern border in anticipation that the bulk of Ethiopian, Cuban, and Soviet personnel will be transferred to Eritrea and gain the upper hand over the guerrillas He predicted that the Eritreans would seek sanctuary in Sudan and that the Ethiopians would cross the border in hot pursuit He asserted that the Sudanese would fight if the Ethiopians penetrate into Sudan beyond a certain point.//	18 7- 1
//The officer, who may have presented his worse-case scenario, urged the US to accelerate the delivery of F-5s to help Sudan prepare to meet the threat. The Sudanes also believe the Soviets intend to use Ethiopia as a base frowhich they can work to undermine Presidents Numayri of Sudan and Sadat of Egypt.//	se om
Numayri has continued to allow arms for the guer- rillas to transit Sudan but believes the best solution would be a negotiated settlement granting the Eritreans autonomy. He has attempted to improve relations with Ethiopia and to mediate between the two sides.	
A senior Ethiopian official visited Khartoum this week; a Sudanese envoy will visit Addis Ababa soon to prepare for the visit of Sudanese First Vice President Ibrahim. Sudar involvement with the Eritrean guerrillas and the presence of Sudanese dissidents inside Ethiopia remain the major obstacle to overcoming the two countries' differences.	nes.
Numayri's efforts to mediate between the Eritrean insurgents and the Ethiopian Government have been stymied by guerrilla factionalism and the refusal of either Ethiopia or the guerrillas to consider a compromise solution.	
If forced to make a choice between abandoning the Eritreans or sacrificing relations with Ethiopia, Numaryi wou probably opt to continue supporting the Eritreans. A Sudanese	11d

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	the Sudanese.
SOUTH AFRICA - N	AMIBIA: Buildup
there are indica highly mobile minuse against guer estimate the forthe US Embassy ition are not clestantial reinfortof Namibia in orthoganization from	//According to the US and UK defense attaches, tions that the South Africans are forming a litary strike force that may be intended for rilla bases in southern Angola. The attaches ce could be ready in two weeks. According to n Pretoria, the focus and timing of the operaar; the South Africans may be planning a subcement of their troops in the northern sector der to deter the South-West Africa People's m increasing guerrilla incursions whenever a election date is announced.//
after Parliament Prime Minister V be held with or v in the election Africa wants to SWAPO's exiled l Namibia to boyco Government has r plan for stepping	he odds now appear at least even that shortly returns from its Easter recess on 29 March, orster will announce a date for an election to without a truce with SWAPO or UN participation process. Although Vorster may assert that South continue settlement talks, he probably expects eaders to call upon SWAPO supporters inside tt and disrupt an election. The South African ecently publicized an alleged SWAPO contingency g up guerrilla attacks from southern Angola if eld in the absence of a truce.//
military and civ	//According to the US and UK defense attaches, ilian observers in South Africa are reporting e activity and military security arrangements.//
	//A reliable source of the US Embassy in Pre-
toria reports the Africa's ready remonth. The US con	at some personnel of the Citizen Force, South eserve, have been called to active duty this nsular office in Pretoria confirms there has callup that led to complaints from the parents ts.

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	//In addition, a US military attache reports increased air activity this week at a key Air Force base near Pretoria. A senior officer at the base told him the Air Force	
	is training to fly military transport aircraft in low-level formation maneuvers, a technique associated with paradrop	
:	operations. The Air Force officer added that the transports were also being armed with cannon to serve in a gunship role.	
	Both the transports and the bombers at the base were said to	
5X1	be practicing night operations, apparently on a priority basis.//	
:	//The South Africans have also increased security around the air base by placing armored cars along the perimeter and posting 24-hour guards, and they have improved se-	25)
5X1	curity arrangements at a major supply and helicopter base.	25) 25)
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ECUADOR: Campaign			
July are still on in the race and it	r the Ecuadorean presidentice track, but three strong cand is unlikely that any will all decessitate a runoff between months of the initial results.	didates are now get the required ween the two top	
vehicle of populis Jaime Roldos, as i	centration of Popular Forces t Assad Bucaram, has chosen ts standard bearer; Bucaram to month. Roldos will face to cive Sixto Duran-Ballen and	was disqualified wo strong con-	
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successfu	l attempt by his party, which woul	party to forge	race followed an un- an alliance with a potent center-left	,
populist up the su will be a center-le region. I	stic party, and is appeal will rub of a smaller strong contender of the constituency, our an -Ballen, who	it is unclear how off on Roldos. So were center-left per with Huerta for particularly in has the behind-pappears assured	rces is an intensely w much of Bucaram's till, Roldos has picked olitical grouping and r Ecuador's large the populous coastal the-scenes backing of of the support of con-	đ
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BRIEFS	
Canada	
//A Canadian firm has ordered from a US manufacturer 20,000 kilometers of high-quality optical fiber. This may be the largest order yet placed in the area of fiber-optical communications. The firm expects delivery over the next two years.//	.1
//This order indicates that large-scale imple-mentation of fiber-optical communications will take place sooner than expected. Other countries have demonstration and	
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Ecuador

purchased from West Germany, arrived in the port of Guayaquil last Friday. The other has completed sea trials and will be ready for delivery within the next few months. Training requirements for the submarine crews are demanding, and the boats will probably not be combat-ready for many months.//

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long-term modernizat	ubmarine purchase is part ion plan. Ecuador recently from West Germany and is al patrol craft in Westerr	acquired three attempting to	

//The Navy still lacks the larger ships needed to

pose a credible deterrent to the Peruvian fleet, which is the

main concern of Ecuador's naval planners.

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